

I. Vocabulary

A. Choose the best answer.

1. It's very expensive to on television.
 a) encourage b) advertise
 c) exemplify d) guarantee
2. The telephone lines aren't working so are very difficult.
 a) observations b) examinations
 c) expressions d) communications
3. Do you think I made a good on your parents?
 a) competition b) formation c) definition d) impression
4. No need to thank me. I was just glad to a friend.
 a) look at b) turn off
 c) help out d) walk around

B. Write a synonym for each definition.

1. to tell someone the way to a place (.) a) ancient
 2. a center from which sth is controlled (.) b) artificial
 3. a period of time in history (.) c) base
 4. from a time long ago (.) d) cave
 5. to see or experience pictures and events in your mind when you are asleep (.) e) density
 6. a large hole in the side of a mountain or under the ground (.) f) direct
 g) dream
 h) era

C. Complete the sentences with the words given

adults - as long as - at least - brick - discipline

economic - failed - percent - text

1. You must yourself to work harder.
 2. The book has a lot of pictures but not much
 3. The country was in serious difficulties.
 4. The price of bread has gone up by 50 in a few years.
 5. This film is suitable for both and children.
 6. You can go out to play you stay in the back yard.
 7. The boys tried to climb the mountain, but they
 because of the bad weather.
 8. It may not be beautiful but It's cheap.

II. Grammar

A. Choose the best answer.

- Mary went to the store. buy some pencils.
a) so that b) because c) in order to d) whether
- Some people prefer to work for the government,
others like to be self-employed.
a) while b) so that c) because d) unless
- The glasses aren't in my pocket. I don't know what happened to
them. I them somewhere.
a) should leave b) should have left
c) might leave d) might have left
- He didn't want to go to the party, he knew all his
friends would be there.
a) even though b) so that c) so as to d) in order to

B. Combine the sentences according to the cues given in brackets.

- He opened the book. He wanted to read it. (in order to)
.....
- My friend is moving to Tehran. He can be near his parent's house.
(so that)

III. Functions

Choose the correct answer

exemplify/ classify/ ^{is}speculating/ hypothesizing

- A warmer earth might have different results in rainfall pattern
(.....)
- The most important types of sports are the collective ones.
(.....)
- It is thought that the population of the world will be doubled at
the end of the century. (.....)

IV. Reading Comprehension

A. Complete this paragraph with correct words.

Thomas Alva Edison's memory will live on because of the large number of his 1 and their usefulness even today. Most likely, the next electronic device you 2 he once invented or improved, or at least tried to. At an early age he showed 3 of a serious hearing problem. This may have been the reason for Edison's poor 4 at school. Edison did not do well there and was often 5 by the other children.

- a. performance
- b. instructions
- c. signs
- d. inventions
- e. annoyed
- f. pick up
- g. writings

B. Read the following carefully and then check the answers.

(12/10)

1. Soon voluntary helpers joined Mother Teresa, and financial support come from various church organizations. This sentence shows that people and organizations
- 1) enjoyed devolving their money to her by force
 - 2) were intrested to protect her at will
 - 3) helped her by force
 - 4) supported her without any interest and purpose
2. The Web allows you to make pages with beautiful graphics and multimedia. The word 'multimedia' means
- 1) the combined use of gestures, signs, speech and writing
 - 2) involving two or more groups of people, countries, etc.
 - 3) the combined use of sound, pictures and film in addition to text on a screen
 - 4) computing with high-speed communication links
3. A telescope is an instrument that magnifies distant objects. The word 'magnifies' means
- 1) make possible
 - 2) make clear and obvious
 - 3) make larger
 - 4) make nearer

C. Read the following passage and answer the questions

The moon and the stars are not the only objects shining in the sky. There are also planets. The sun has nine planets going around it. We live on one of these, the third planet from the sun - Earth.

The Earth moves around the sun once every year. It's about 150 million kilometers away from the sun. The planets that are nearer to the sun take less than a year to go round the sun once. Mercury is the closest to the sun, just 58 million kilometers away. Then comes Venus.

Planets that are further away from the sun take more than a year to orbit the sun. The most distant planet is Pluto. It takes over 247 years to go round the sun.

Planets do not send out their own heat or light like the sun. They shine in the sky only because the sun shines on them. They reflect the sun's light just like the moon does. The planets nearest to the sun are too hot to live on, while those furthest away are too cold. Living things would not be able to survive on these planets.

The biggest planet is Jupiter. It's larger than all the other planets put together. The most beautiful is Saturn. The sixth planet from the sun. Its beauty comes from the rings around it, which stretch for 65,000 kilometers.

1. The objects that shine in the sky are
 - a) only stars
 - b) stars and moons
 - c) planets
 - d) Both b and c
2. The second planet from the sun is
 - a) Venus
 - b) Earth
 - c) Mercury
 - d) Jupiter
3. The fourth planet from the sun takes to orbit the sun.
 - a) one year
 - b) 247 years
 - c) more than one year
 - d) less than one year
4. The moon shines in the sky because
 - a) the sun shines on it
 - b) it reflects the Earth's light
 - c) it has light of its own
 - d) it is near the sun
5. Saturn is
 - a) colder than the Earth
 - b) too hot to live on
 - c) the biggest planet
 - d) the planet furthest away from the sun