



# نمونہ سوالات امتحانی



مدت پاسخ گویی: ۱۲۰ دقیقہ

نمونہ سوالات امتحان نہایی (۲)

مجموع نمرات: ۳۰ نمرہ

بارم	سوالات	ردیف																
3	<p><b>Note. Write all the answers on the answer sheet.</b></p> <p><b>I. Vocabulary</b></p> <p>A. Fill in the blanks with the words given. There is one extra word.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">slums – rural – access – exploration – signs – sample – forward</div> <p>1. This book was very interesting. We learned a lot about space .....</p> <p>2. You must tell him to ..... your letters to your new address.</p> <p>3. Mother Teresa devoted herself to working among the poor in the ..... of Calcutta.</p> <p>4. At an early age, Edison showed ..... of a serious hearing problem.</p> <p>5. Many young people move from ..... areas to big cities to find jobs.</p> <p>6. By using a computer you can ..... any information that you need.</p>																	
3	<p>B. Match the definitions in column (A) with the words in column (B). There is one extra word in column (B).</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"><thead><tr><th style="text-align: center; border-bottom: 1px solid black;">A</th><th style="text-align: center; border-bottom: 1px solid black;">B</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>(...) 7. a traveler in a spaceship</td><td>a. apprentice</td></tr><tr><td>(...) 8. not public</td><td>b. mission</td></tr><tr><td>(...) 9. without stop</td><td>c. astronaut</td></tr><tr><td>(...) 10. a flight into space</td><td>d. attach</td></tr><tr><td>(...) 11. a person who is learning a job</td><td>e. continuously</td></tr><tr><td>(...) 12. join one thing to another</td><td>f. charity</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>g. private</td></tr></tbody></table>	A	B	(...) 7. a traveler in a spaceship	a. apprentice	(...) 8. not public	b. mission	(...) 9. without stop	c. astronaut	(...) 10. a flight into space	d. attach	(...) 11. a person who is learning a job	e. continuously	(...) 12. join one thing to another	f. charity		g. private	
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1/5	<p>C. Choose the correct answer.</p> <p>13. Tell me whether the flowers were natural or .....</p> <p>1) mineral      2) artificial      3) normal      4) official</p> <p>14. A computer is a useful ....., but it can be addictive.</p> <p>1) device      2) vehicle      3) document      4) material</p> <p>15. John's younger brother ..... from a strange disease.</p> <p>1) offers      2) operates      3) suffers      4) supports</p>																	
2/5	<p><b>II. Grammar</b></p> <p>A. Choose the correct answer.</p> <p>16. "I don't know why Mina didn't open the door." "She ..... have gone out, but I am not sure." 1) might      2) must      3) would      4) should</p> <p>17. Ali goes to the library ..... he can study carefully. 1) but      2) whether      3) while      4) so that</p> <p>18. I like football, ..... my brother likes music. 1) when      2) so that      3) whereas      4) therefore</p>																	



3

**B. Cloze passage**

Fill in the blanks with the words from the list below. There is one extra word.

education – hire – easier – right – poverty – protect – guarantee

Children work for many reasons. They include the pressure of . . . 32 . . . adult unemployment, and irrelevant . . . 33 . . . systems that fail to . . . 34 . . . jobs or prepare children for self – employment. Employers may . . . 35 . . . children since they can pay them less. Children are also . . . 36 . . . to discipline, more willing to work and often unable to form unions to . . . 37 . . . themselves. The governments should make plans and programs to stop child labor.

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**C. Reading Comprehension: Passage (1)**

Read the following passage and match each paragraph with one of the headings (main ideas). Write the letters (A, B, C, D) in front of the numbers of the paragraphs.

**Headings (main ideas)**

(A) We need to do four things if we want to be healthy.

(B) You can be healthy too, but you should try.

(C) Some people worry about their health when they are forty to sixty years old.

(D) Some athletes are still very good at sports when they are over forty years old.

38. When many people are middle – aged (forty to sixty years old), they worry about their health.

Some middle – aged people are afraid of old age. They don't want to be old, sick and alone.

On TV, they see athletes such as swimmers, baseball players, and tennis players. These middle

– aged people like to be strong, fast and young again too, but they think they are too old.

39. Are they really too old? Maybe not! More and more athletes are still playing sports when they are middle – aged, and they are playing well. Jimmy Connors, a tennis player, is almost fifty.

Rafer Johnson won a gold medal in the 1960 Olympics. He is still running and he is over sixty. Their faces are not young, but are healthy and strong. How do they do it? Can anyone

be like them?

40. Doctors of older people are studying how people become old. They are learning how people

might be healthy at any age. First, it's important to exercise – for example, swim, walk, run or play tennis or volleyball. Exercise is for everyone, not only young people. Second, people need

to exercise their minds – to think. It is important at every age to study, read and talk with people. Third, people need to eat a lot of vegetables and fruits and not much meat or sugar.

Fourth, everyone needs to relax. If older people do these things, they live longer!

41. If you think you are too old, you should look around your neighborhood. Do you see that middle – aged woman? She is running down the street. Why are you just sitting there?

5/5

D: Reading Comprehension:

Read the following passage and answer the questions as required.

About 200 million years ago, much of the earth was very warm and wet all year. This heat and wet weather caused thick plants and tall trees to cover the land and make jungles where many interesting animals began to appear.

Dinosaurs were a group of animals that lived on the earth for about 140 million years. There were no men in the days of the dinosaurs, so no one had ever seen a living dinosaur. But their fossils have been found in rocks. Studying their fossils gives us facts about them. For example, the shape of dinosaur's teeth tells us that some dinosaurs ate only plants and some of them ate other animals. Some dinosaurs were as big as locomotives; others were as small as cats.

*Then, after millions of years something happened to the dinosaurs. Suddenly they began to die out. Many people believe that maybe dinosaurs died out because of a change in the earth's weather. The climate might have cooled suddenly, killing the dinosaurs. But no one knows for certain.*

**42. The passage says that . . . . . 200 years ago.**

- 1) all the land was warm and wet all year
- 2) the weather was dry and hot
- 3) much of the earth was hot and wet all year
- 4) the weather was not very warm and wet

**43. We get information about dinosaurs by .....**

- 1) studying their fossils
- 2) learning how they came to the world
- 3) studying weather conditions
- 4) discovering the hot jungles around the world

**44. The reason why dinosaurs died out was probably .....**

- 1) the heat of the earth
- 2) their large size
- 3) having no food
- 4) a sudden change in climate

**True or False**

**45. Dinosaurs were is different sizes. (True – False)**

**46. Dinosaurs lived on the earth for 200 million years. (True – False)**

**47. The passage says that very big dinosaurs ate only animals. (True – False)**

**48. Dinosaurs died out before man existed on the earth. (True – False)**

**49. Dinosaurs were a group of birds living on the earth. (True – False)**

**I. Vocabulary**

**A.**

1. *exploration*      2. *forward*      3. *slums*  
4. *signs*      5. *rural*      6. *access*

**B.**

7. (c)      8. (g)      9. (e)  
10. (b)      11. (a)      12. (d)

**C.**

13. (2)      14. (1)      15. (3)

**II. Grammar**

**A.**

16. (1)      17. (4)      18. (3)  
19. (2)      20. (2)

**B:**

21. *He was learning English in order to get a better job.*

(OR)

*In order to get a better job, he was learning English.*

22. *Although Reza was very sick, he went to school.*

(OR)

*Reza went to school, although he was very sick.*

**C:**

23. *so as to*      24. *to*      25. *so that*

**III. Sentence Function**

26. (c)      27. (e)      28. (b)      29. (d)

**IV. Comprehension**

**A. Sentence Comprehension**

30. (3)      31. (3)

**B. Cloze passage**

32. *poverty*      33. *education*      34. *guarantee*  
35. *hire*      36. *easier*      37. *protect*

**C. Reading Comprehension: Passage (1)**

38. (3)      39. (4)      40. (1)      41. (2)

**D: Reading Comprehension:**

42. (3)      43. (1)      44. (4)      45. (True)      46. (False)      47. (False)  
48. (True)      49. (False)